Pagination Catalog

Using the JDF Fold Catalog to paginate singlesheet bindery signatures

Bernard Bastien

Software Architect, R&D Dynagram

with help from "Origination & Prepress" working group of the CIP4 organization

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Abstract

This document provides a set of diagrams that explains how pages are arranged in groups when preparing the surfaces to be printed on large sheets, given a choice of a folding pattern to be used before binding.

The purpose of this document is to be used as a reference for all agents involved in the use of imposition techniques in the printing industry.

Intended readers

- Developers and software analysts that need to implement pagination features in software applications used for stripping, pre-stripping, and print production planning;
- QA and technical support specialists that need a reference for pagination issues;

Status of this document

- Final public release
- To be published as an Application Note by the "Origination & Prepress" working group of the CIP4 organization

Revision History

Version	Date	Author	Dept.	Details and comments
1.0	2007-05-02	Bernard Bastien	R&D	First release.
1.1	2007-05-08	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Corrections made after validation.
1.2	2007-07-06	Bernard Bastien	R&D	First chapter completely rewritten after rounds of discussions with O&P working group members.
1.3	2007-07-24	Bernard Bastien	R&D	After additional discussions with O&P working group members, sections 1.2 to 1.4 rewritten to correct misunderstanding about effect of BindingOrientation, new examples added.
1.3.1	2007-07-27	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Some readability improvements.
1.3.2	2007-09-14	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Some additions needed before distribution as an Application Note.
1.3.3	2007-10-29	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Corrections applied on table 1.4.1, on examples in section 1.5.2, removed incorrect instruction above table 1.4.2.
1.3.4	2007-10-31	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Correction applied on table 1.5.1.
1.3.5	2008-04-01	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Correction of a typo in schema F6-2.
1.4	2008-12-15	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Added new entries: F4-2, F6-7, F6-8, F16-14. Also updated section 1.2.
1.4.1	2009-08-20	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Added fold sequences.
1.4.2	2009-08-25	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Added front page symbols. Corrected spine location on F6-8 and F12-14.
1.4.3	2009-09-30	Bernard Bastien	R&D	Removed schemas for F6-6 and F6-7.

1 How to interpret the diagrams

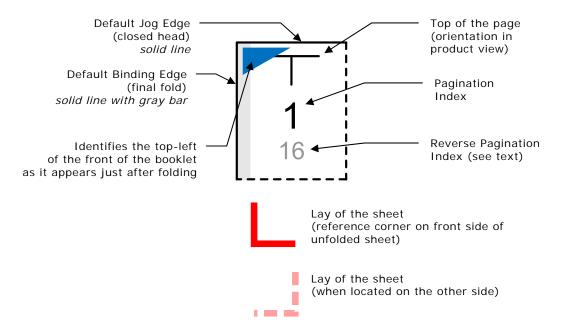
1.1 Legend

This document describes the structure and arrangement of bindery signatures into pagination schemes, which divide sheet surfaces into grids of rectangular areas to be filled by document pages during imposition process. These arrangements are the consequence of manipulations made on the sheets, by folding, trimming and binding them, to get booklets ready to be assembled.

This document uses diagrams to describe the pagination schemes. Each diagram shows a side of an unfolded sheet, illustrating how it is divided into "signature cells". All cells are usually of the same size, making the entire sheet to be divided into equal portions, each portion covering the whole area between folds that surround it. A signature cell is the space that "receives" a single document page and surrounding margins that are part of the gutters.

Each cell shown in the diagram displays how to orient the document page to be imposed there, and refers to the index of the page to be imposed, so the resulting booklet has properly ordered/oriented pages in product reader view, according to the default values defined in the JDF specification. Pagination indexes start at number 1.

The diagrams also show the pagination to be used when pages are flowed in reverse order because of different binding options (see sections 1.3 and 1.4).



Folding sequences are described using the same notation found in the JDF Specification:

- means "left-hand part goes over right-hand part" or "bottom part goes over top part";
- \bullet $\;$ means "left-hand part goes under right-hand part" or "bottom part goes under top part";
- The size of part being folded is expressed as a fraction of unfolded sheet's size;
- First fold is always left-to-right, a "+" sign is used to toggle between left-to-right and bottom-to-top folding directions.

1.2 Meaning of a pagination scheme

The diagrams in the chapter 2 show the configuration of the page cells that occurs when the bindery signature is defined, in the JDF file, using the Bi nderySi gnature/@FoldCatal og attribute. Each arrangement corresponds to the "fold catalog identifier" shown at the left of the diagrams, used as a value of the Bi nderySi gnature/@FoldCatal og attribute, and referring to the recipe used to fold the sheet.

The pagination indexes shown in the diagram correspond to the imposition order, starting with 1, up to the number of pages in a booklet. This does not correspond to the actual page numbers that will be imposed on the sheets, unless a finished product is made of a single booklet. These numbers tell in which order pages are imposed into signature cells, given an array of pages that is associated to a booklet.

These numbers have meaning only if the folded sheet is used as a booklet intended for binding or assembling (i.e. trimmed after folding). In many cases (i.e. accordion folds) the result is mostly theoretical, as those folds are not intended for such use in real life.

When multiple booklets are assembled together, the imposition indexes have to be translated into numbers referring to the list of source document pages. This is calculated using the parameters found in the Assembly resource and the StrippingParams/@SectionList parameter.

The numbers and page orientation shown in the diagram correspond to the finished product view, in reader's perspective. The "top of the page", which is a product attribute, does not always correspond to the "head" of the booklet, which is a production attribute. Please DO NOT consider the finished view as the reference for locating the production measurements (head/foot/face trim and bleed sizes, spine size, overfolds, etc.) as their position is set by the Bi ndi ngOri entati on attribute, independently of the final page flow.

1.3 Settings that modify the pagination schemes

1.3.1 BindingOrientation

When a sheet has been folded, the last fold is recognized as being the "binding edge", and a perpendicular edge is known as the "jog edge". Both edges join together around a corner known as the "reference corner", which appears at the bottom left of the folded sheet (the last fold always appear either at the bottom or at the left when using the fold catalog).

The attribute Bi nderySi gnature/@Bi ndi ngOri entati on may be set to indicate that the reference corner is displaced for production purposes. This manipulation is not made on the folded sheet: only the "virtual" corner is changed, after edges had been identified. This means that the edges that are recognized as "binding" and "jog" are found at new places on the folded sheet, changing the location of the spine, head, face and foot on the booklet before pagination can be applied.

This attribute is very special because it has two default values, depending on the type of signature being defined: "Flip0" for single-row grids (no closed head), "Rotate0" for all other grids. This particularity reflects common practice of recognizing the jog edge to be at the top of signatures without closed heads (and supports JDF 1.2 compatibility).

The diagrams in the next chapter are based on these default values. If that parameter is set to another value, you must "convert" the pagination scheme to reflect this change, by using the tables in section 1.4 below.

1.3.2 Binding and jog sides

To make the bindery signatures to be assembled together into a finished product, the pages must have been imposed in the order and orientation needed to get the right reader's perspective after assembling. Before setting the page numbers and orientation in cells to obtain the expected result, the "assembly" is virtually rotated and flipped to make the binding and jog edges to be placed as requested, when looking at the very first page in the reader view.

The diagrams in this document show the pagination scheme where the front page of the booklet is oriented so that the binding side appears at the left, and the jog side appears at the top, according

to the default parameters defined by the JDF specification. For other values, transformations must be applied on the diagrams to get the right scheme.

These settings are found in the **Assembly** resource that is used to describe how the booklet is assembled:

- Assembly/@BindingSide
- Assembly/@JogSide

If any of these attribute is set, you must "convert" the pagination scheme to reflect this change, by using the tables in section 1.4 below.

The settings Bi nderySi gnature/@Bi ndi ngEdge and Bi nderySi gnature/@JogEdge are ignored because they affect production view only. However, if Assembl y/@Order="None", then Bi nderySi gnature/@Bi ndi ngEdge and Bi nderySi gnature/@JogEdge must be used as replacement settings, because assembly parameters must be ignored in that case, and production view becomes the product view.

1.4 Getting a specific pagination scheme

1.4.1 Using the settings to find the needed scheme transformation

Please use the table below to locate the name of the scheme transformation to be applied on the diagram, according to the Bi ndi ngSi de, JogSi de and Bi ndi ngOri entati on settings. Default values for these settings are underlined in the table.

The obtained transformation is identified by a "scheme name", which refers to the table in section 1.4.2 where all pagination schemes are explained, based on the diagrams of the chapter 2.

Binding Jog		Scheme name (for BindingOrientation setting shown in header) (for single-row signatures: use column footers)			
Side	3	Rotate0 Flip0	Rotate90 Flip90	Rotate180 Flip180	Rotate270 Flip270
left	<u>top</u>	Rotate0 <i>Flip0</i>	Rotate270/90* <i>Flip90/270*</i>	Rotate180 <i>Flip180</i>	Rotate90/270* <i>Flip270/90*</i>
<u>iert</u>	bottom	Flip0 <i>Rotate0</i>	Flip270/90* <i>Rotate90/270*</i>	Flip180 <i>Rotate180</i>	Flip90/270* <i>Rotate270/90*</i>
riaht	<u>top</u>	Flip180 <i>Rotate180</i>	Flip90/270* <i>Rotate270/90*</i>	Flip0 <i>Rotate0</i>	Flip270/90* <i>Rotate90/270*</i>
right	bottom	Rotate180 <i>Flip180</i>	Rotate90/270* <i>Flip270/90*</i>	Rotate0 <i>Flip0</i>	Rotate270/90* <i>Flip90/270*</i>
	left	Flip90 <i>Rotate90</i>	Flip180/0 <i>Rotate180/0</i>	Flip270 <i>Rotate270</i>	Flip0/180 <i>Rotate0/180</i>
top	right	Rotate90 <i>Flip90</i>	Rotate0/180 <i>Flip0/180</i>	Rotate270 <i>Flip270</i>	Rotate180/0 <i>Flip180/0</i>
bottom	left	Rotate270 <i>Flip270</i>	Rotate180/0 <i>Flip180/0</i>	Rotate90 <i>Flip90</i>	Rotate0/180 <i>Flip0/180</i>
DOLLOIN	right	Flip270 Rotate270	Flip0/180 <i>Rotate0/180</i>	Flip90 <i>Rotate90</i>	Flip180/0 <i>Rotate180/0</i>
		<u>Flip0</u> Rotate0	Flip270 Rotate270	Flip180 Rotate180	Flip90 Rotate90

^{* &}lt;u>Important</u>: please take note that *if binding edges appear horizontally* on the diagram, the numbers must be *swapped* in the scheme names *indicated by an asterisk* (Rotate90/270 would become Rotate270/90). This happens because the direction of rotation is reversed in those cases (for example, F8-7, F12-7, F16-10, etc.)

1.4.2 Scheme transformations

Scheme	Getting the pagination scheme (using the diagram)			
Name	Page numbers	Left-Bound Page	Right-Bound Page	
Rotate0	Normal	as shown	as shown	
Rotate0/180	Normal	as shown	Rotate 180°	
Rotate90	Normal	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	
Rotate90/270	Normal	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	Rotate 90° clockwise	
Rotate180	Normal	Rotate 180°	Rotate 180°	
Rotate180/0	Normal	Rotate 180°	as shown	
Rotate270	Normal	Rotate 90° clockwise	Rotate 90° clockwise	
Rotate270/90	Normal	Rotate 90° clockwise	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	
Flip0	Reverse	Rotate 180°	Rotate 180°	
Flip0/180	Reverse	Rotate 180°	as shown	
Flip90	Reverse	Rotate 90° clockwise	Rotate 90° clockwise	
Flip90/270	Reverse	Rotate 90° clockwise	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	
Flip180	Reverse	as shown	as shown	
Flip180/0	Reverse	as shown	Rotate 180°	
Flip270	Reverse	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	
Flip270/90	Reverse	Rotate 90° counterclockwise	Rotate 90° clockwise	

[&]quot;Left-Bound" pages refer to odd pages in the diagrams, when looking at the main numbers.

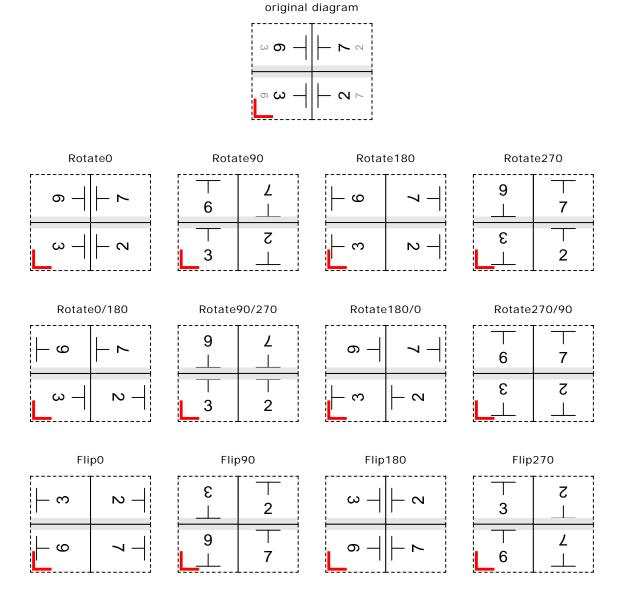
For page numbers, "Normal" refer to the main numbers in the diagram, while "Reverse" refer to the smaller numbers in gray.

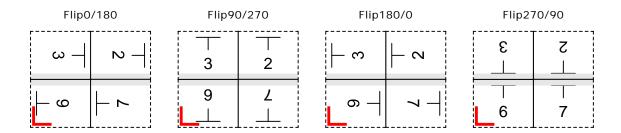
Important note: when a page is rotated 90° (clockwise or counterclockwise), remember that this rotation is made <u>inside</u> the signature cell: the cell itself is not rotated, since the folding operation remains the same. This means that the aspect ratio of the page must be have been designed accordingly. You can observe this situation in the examples in the next section.

1.5 Examples

1.5.1 Signature with horizontal binding edges

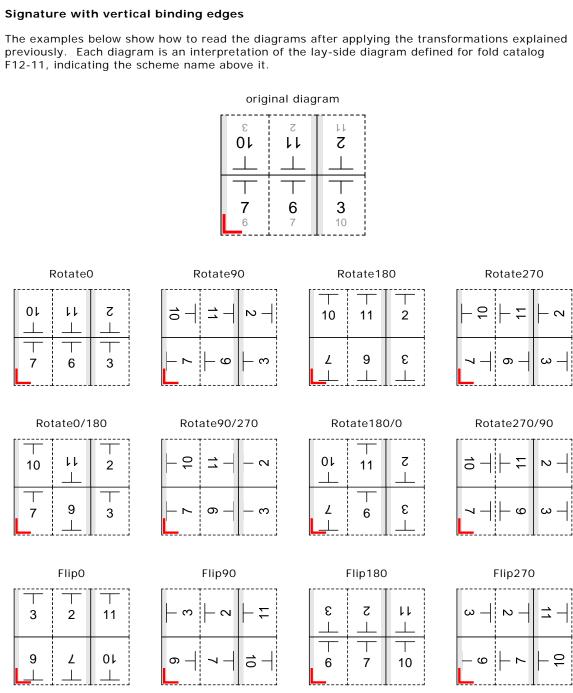
The examples below show how to read the diagrams after applying the transformations explained previously. Each diagram is an interpretation of the lay-side diagram defined for fold catalog F8-7, indicating the scheme name above it.

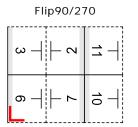


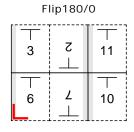


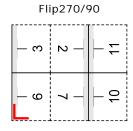
1.5.2

previously. Each diagram is an interpretation of the lay-side diagram defined for fold catalog

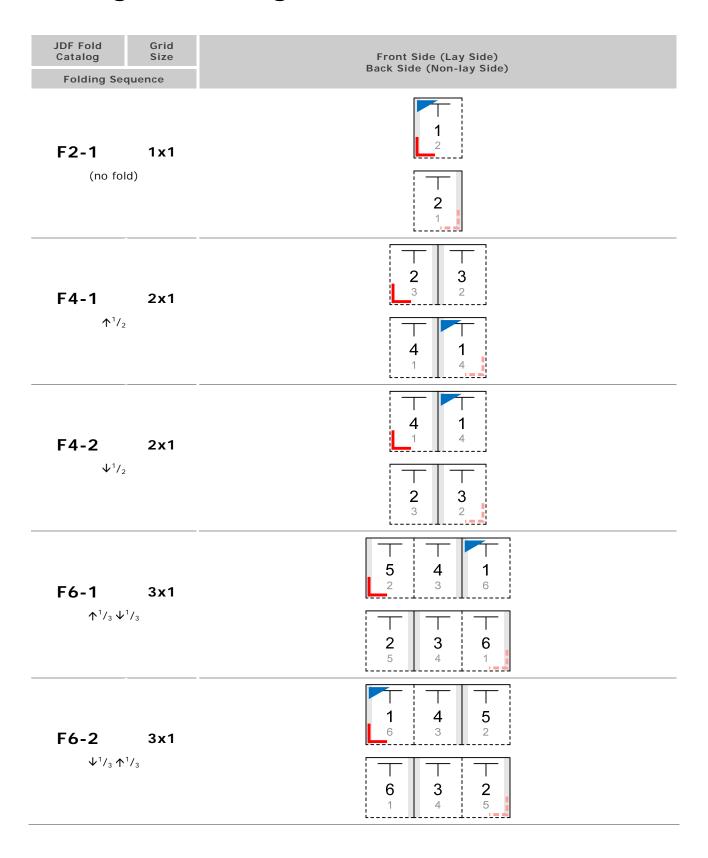






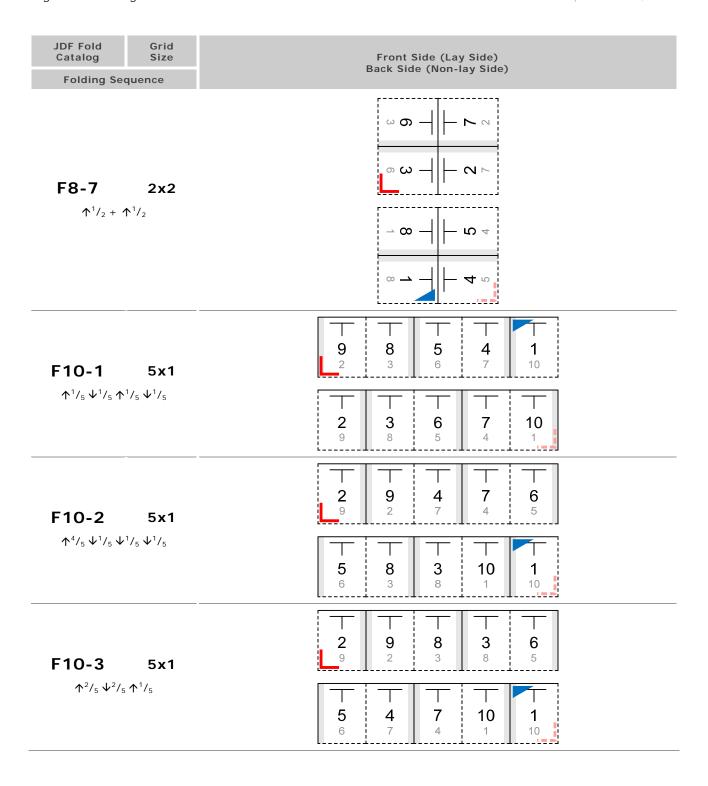


2 Pagination diagrams

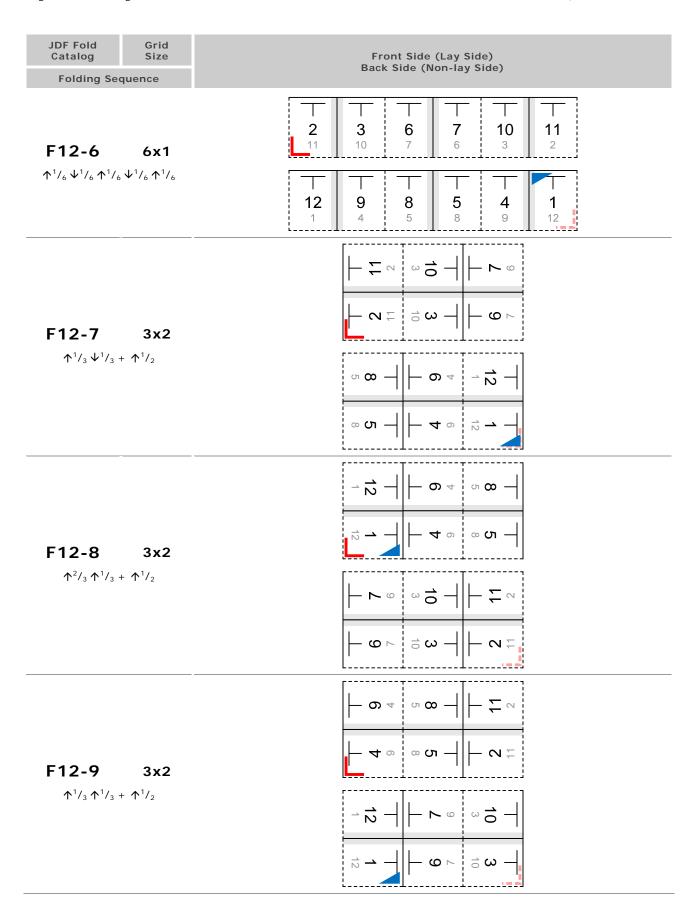


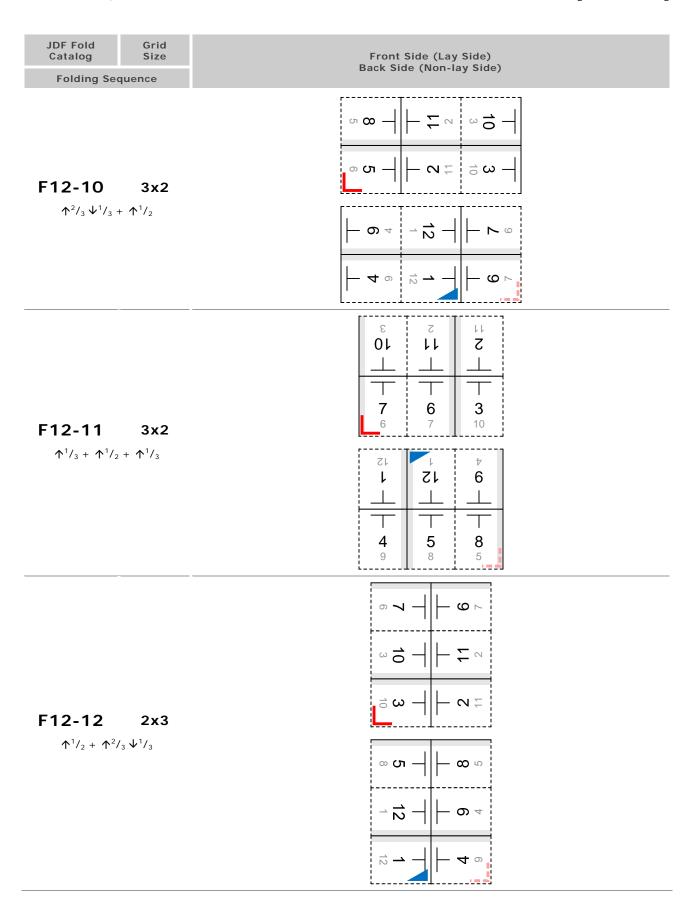
JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F6-3 3x1	UNSUPPORTED (gatefold)
F6-4 3x1 ↑¹/₃↑¹/₃	3 2 5 4 5 2 T T T 6 1 4 1 6 3
F6-5 $3x1$ $\uparrow^2/_3 \downarrow^1/_3$	2 5 4 5 2 3 T T T T 3 6 1 4 1 6
F6-6 3x1 ↑¹/₄ ↓¹/₄	UNSUPPORTED (multiple page sizes)
F6-7 3x1 ↑³/ ₄ ↓¹/ ₄	UNSUPPORTED (multiple page sizes)
F6-8 3x1	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
F8-1 4x1 ↑¹/₂↑¹/₄	6 3 2 7 3 6 7 2 T T T T 8 1 4 5 1 8 5 4

JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F8-2 4x1 ↑¹/₂ ↓¹/₄	2 7 6 3 7 2 3 6 4 5 8 1
F8-3 4x1	5 4 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
$\mathbf{\uparrow}^1/_4\mathbf{}\mathbf{\downarrow}^1/_4\mathbf{}\mathbf{\uparrow}^1/_4$	8 5 4 1 1 4 5 8
F8-4 4x1	3 2 7 6 6 7 2 3
$\uparrow^{1}/_{4}\uparrow^{1}/_{2}\downarrow^{1}/_{4}$	5 8 1 4 4 1 8 5
F8-5 4x1	4 5 2 7 5 4 7 2
Λ ¹ / ₄ Λ ¹ / ₄ Λ ¹ / ₄	8 1 6 3 1 8 3 6
F8-6 4x1	2 7 4 5 7 2 5 4
$\uparrow^3/_4 \downarrow^1/_4 \downarrow^1/_4$	6 3 8 1 3 6 1 8



JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)		
F12-1 6x1	2 11 10 3 6 7 11 2 3 10 7 6		
$\uparrow^1/_3 \downarrow^1/_3 \uparrow^1/_6$	8 5 4 9 12 1 5 8 9 4 1 12 1		
F12-2 6x1	10 3 2 11 8 5 3 10 11 2 5 8		
	6 7 12 1 4 9 7 6 1 12 9 4		
F12-3 6x1	10 7 2 3 6 11 3 6 11 10 7 2		
$\mathbf{\uparrow}^{1}/_{2}\mathbf{}\mathbf{\downarrow}^{1}/_{6}\mathbf{}\mathbf{\uparrow}^{1}/_{6}$	12 5 4 1 8 9 12 5 4 1		
F12-4 6x1	2 11 6 7 10 3 3 6 11 10 7 2		
	4 9 8 5 12 1 1 8 9 12 5 4		
F12-5 6x1	7 2 11 10 3 6 6 11 2 3 10 7		
$\mathbf{\uparrow}^1/_2 \mathbf{\psi}^1/_3 \mathbf{\uparrow}^1/_6$	5 4 9 12 1 8 8 9 4 1 12 5		

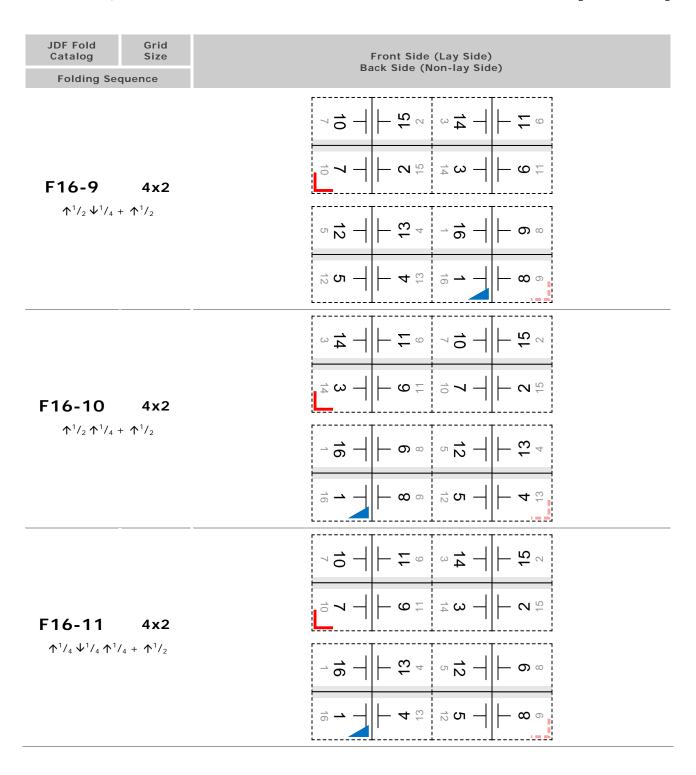


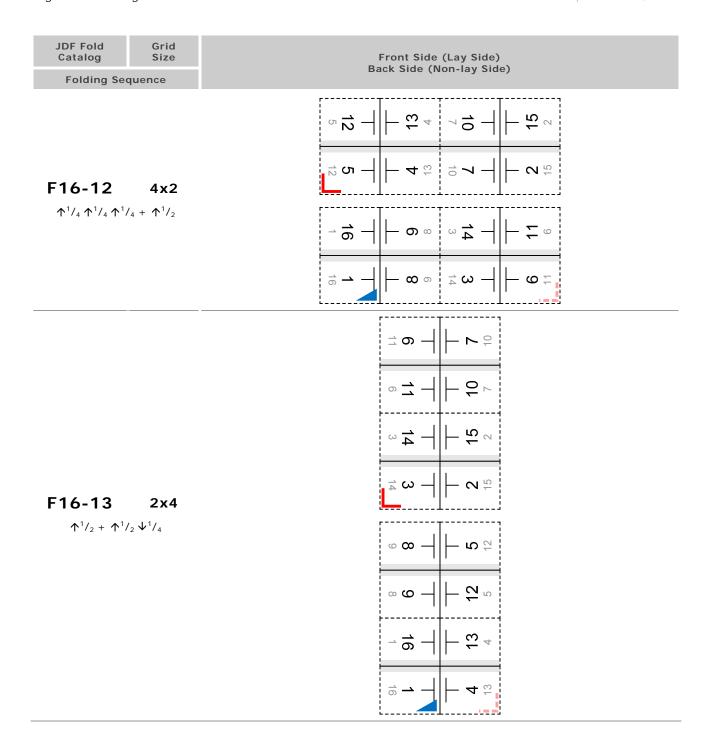


JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F12-13 2x3 Λ¹/₂ + Λ¹/₃ Λ¹/₃	10
F12-14 2x3	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
F14-1 7x1	13 12 9 8 5 4 1 2 3 5 7 10 11 14 2 3 6 7 10 11 14 13 12 9 8 5 4 1

JDF Fold Catalog Folding Sec	Grid Size quence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F16-1	8x1	10 7 2 15 14 3 6 11 7 10 15 2 3 14 11 6
Λ¹/ ₂ Ψ¹/ ₄	↑ ¹ / ₈	T T
F16-2	8x1	15 10 7 6 11 14 3 15 2 7 10 11 6 3 14
$\uparrow^{1}/_{2} \downarrow^{1}/_{4}$	$\Psi^{1}/_{8}$	4 13 12 5 8 9 16 1 13 4 5 12 9 8 1 16
F16-3	8x1	T T
Λ¹/ ₂ Λ¹/ ₄	$\Psi^1/_8$	8 9 16 1 4 13 12 5 9 8 1 16 13 4 5 12
F16-4	F16-4 8x1	14 3 6 11 10 7 2 15 3 14 11 6 7 10 15 2
Λ¹/ ₂ Λ¹/ ₄		16 1 8 9 12 5 4 13 1 16 9 8 5 12 13 4
F16-5 Ψ¹/ ₈ ↑¹/ ₈ Ψ΄ Ψ¹/ ₈ ↑¹/ ₈	8x1	16 13 12 9 8 5 4 1 1 4 5 8 9 12 13 16
	¹ / ₈ ↑ ¹ / ₈ ↓ ¹ / ₈	15 3 6 7 10 11 14 15 15 14 11 10 7 6 3 2

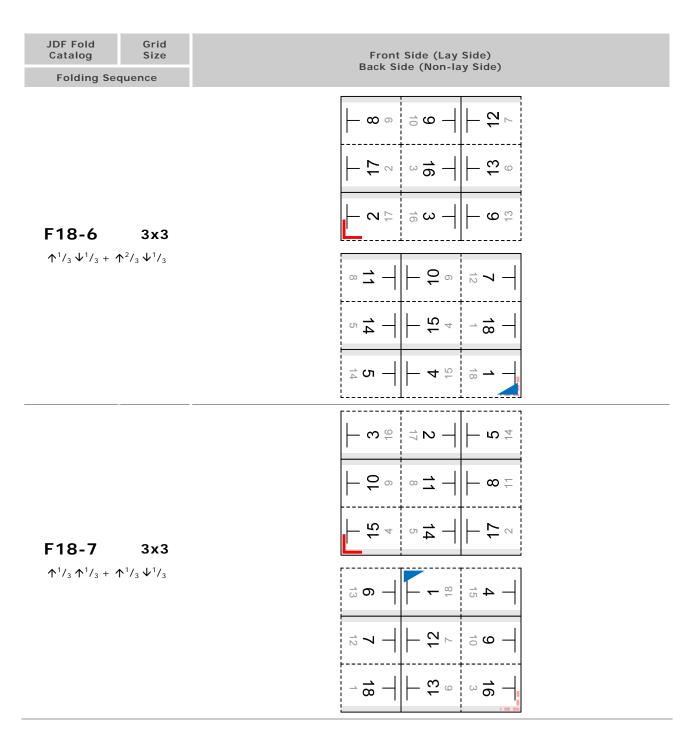
JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F16-6 4x2	\$\psi_1\$ \$\mathbb{E}\$ \$\mathbb{Z}\$ \$\mathbb{G}_1\$ \$\mathbb{Z}\$ \$\mathbb{G}_1\$ \$\mathbb{G}_1\$
	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
F16-7 4x2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	8 6 71 9 6 8 9 71 1 1 1 1 16 1 4 13 1 16 13 4
F16-8 4x2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\uparrow^1/_2 + \downarrow^1/_2 + \downarrow^1/_4$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$





JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side)				
Folding Sequence	Back Side (Non-lay Side)				
F16-14 2x4	8 8 9 1 1 1 1 6 1 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
F18-1 9x1	17 16 13 12 9 8 5 4 1 2 3 6 7 10 11 14 15 18 T T T T T T T T T T T T T 15 18 17 16 13 12 9 8 5 4 1				
F18-2 9x1	2 11 14 17 8 5 4 9 16 17 8 5 2 11 14 15 10 3				
	15 10 3 6 7 18 13 12 1 4 9 16 13 12 1 6 5 18				

JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F18-3 9x1	2 17 8 9 16 3 6 13 12 17 2 11 10 3 16 13 6 7
	11 14 5 4 15 10 7 18 1 8 5 14 15 4 9 12 1 18
F18-4 9x1	T T
	2 11 14 15 10 3 6 7 18 17 8 5 4 9 16 13 12 1
	4 t 4 Q
F18-5 3x3	2 1
	7 N - R 9 3 O -
	∞ 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 1
	□ 1

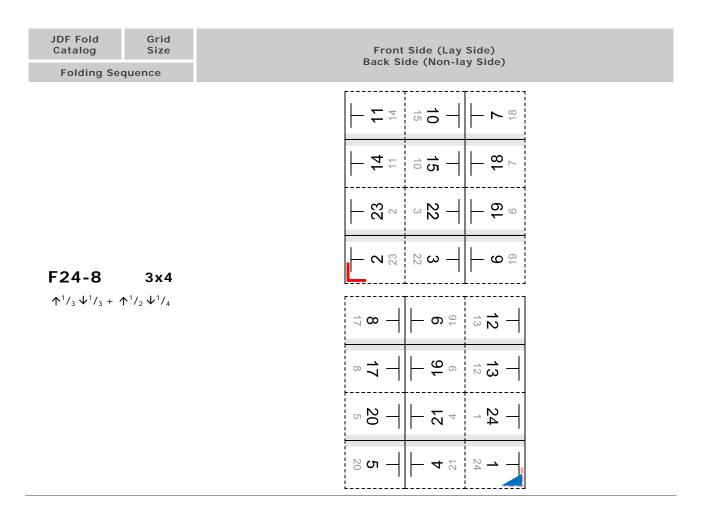


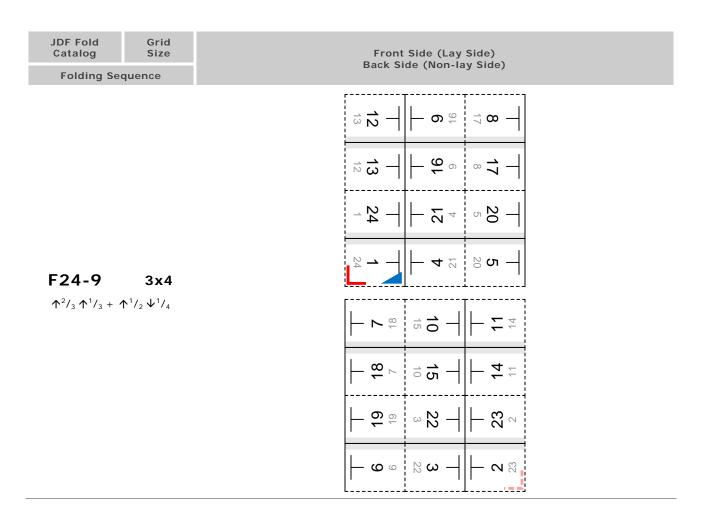
JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)						
Folding Sequence	Back Side (Non-lay Side)						
	- 1						
F18-8 3x3	4 t 1 2 - C t						
	½ √						
	¹ 8 8 0						
	⁸ →						
	72 - 60 = 8 -						
F18-9 3x3 $\uparrow^2/_3 \uparrow^1/_3 + \uparrow^2/_3 \uparrow^1/_3$	6 3 →						
	− ∞ [∞]						
	18						
	- 87 - + 2 - - 4 \(\sigma \)						

JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)				
Folding Sequence					
	□ 12				
F20-1 5x2	² 0				
$\Lambda^2/_5 \Psi^2/_5 \Lambda^1/_5 + \Lambda^1/_2$	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +				
	- 9 1 1 7 - 1 - 2				
	6				
F20-2 5x2	- 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
	9 12				
	12 0				
	2				
F24-1 6x2	14 11 10 15 18 7 11 14 15 10 7 18				
	8 17 16 9 12 13 17 8 9 16 13 12				

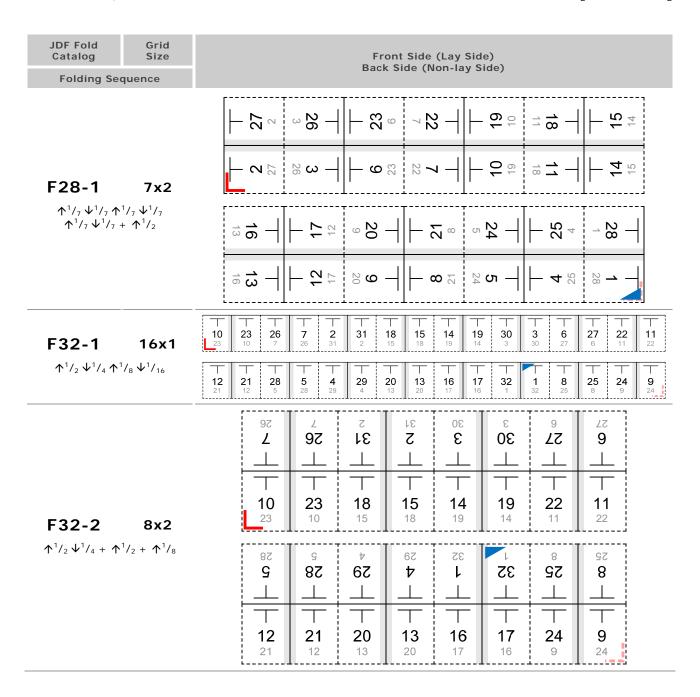
JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)					
F24-2 6x2	t 12 02 9 Z 82 LZ t 9 0Z 8Z Z ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ ⊥ T T T T T T 16 9 8 17 14 11 9 16 17 8 11 14					
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					
F24-3 6x2 $\uparrow^{1}/_{3} \downarrow^{1}/_{3} \uparrow^{1}/_{6} + \uparrow^{1}/_{2}$	9 61 9 61 7 18 7 18 7 18 1 7 1					
F24-4 6×2 $\uparrow^{1}/_{3} \downarrow^{1}/_{3} \downarrow^{1}/_{6} + \uparrow^{1}/_{2}$	20 5 - - 8					
	11					

JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)
F24-5 6x2	20 5 5 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6 7 6
	18
F24-6 6x2	27
F24-7 6x2 $\uparrow^{1}/_{3} + \uparrow^{1}/_{2} + \uparrow^{1}/_{3} \downarrow^{1}/_{6}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

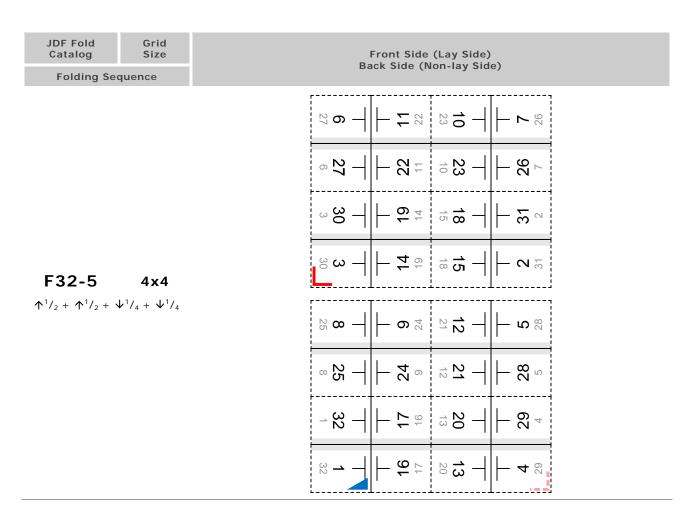


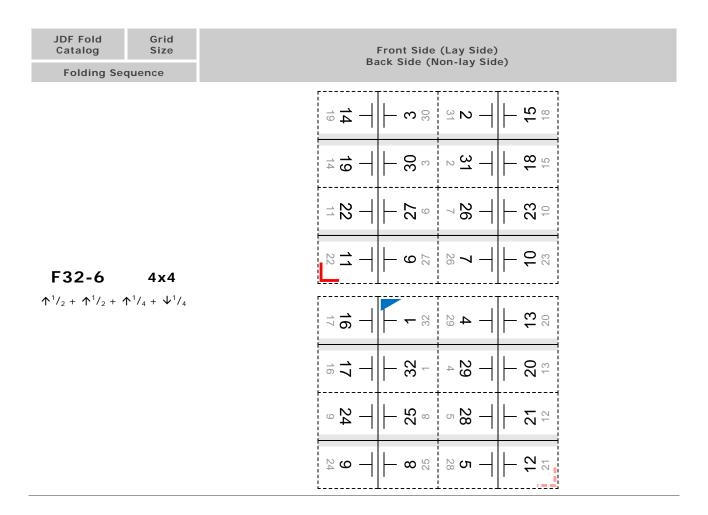


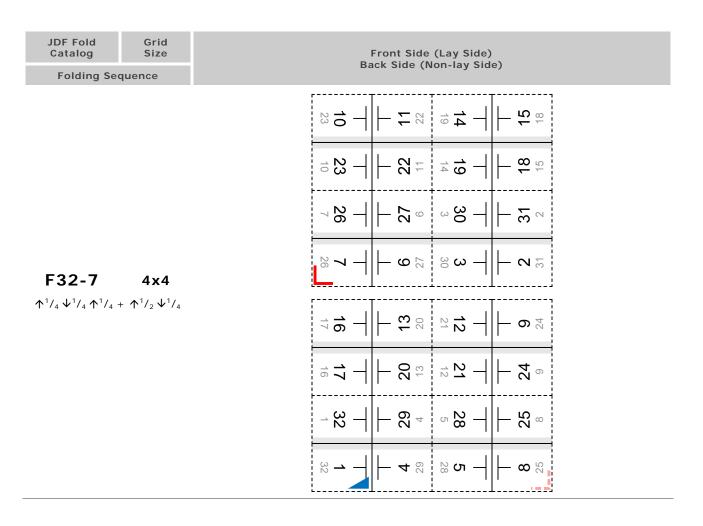
JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side)						
Folding Sequence	Back Side (Non-lay Side)						
	− 0 0 1 1 ∞ − − ± 4						
	- 17 d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d d						
F24-10 3x4	- 4 12 20 50 - 2 53 - 2 2 3 - 2 2 53 - 2 2 53						
	12 2 15 0 -						
	13 R L 15						
	¹ 24						
	ω β ω – ω β ω –						
F24-11 4x3	6 19 18 7 19 6 7 18						
	ZZ Z Z SZ L L L L L						
	10 15 14 11 15 10 11 14						
	8 17 20 5 17 8 5 20						
	1						
	12 13 16 9 13 12 9 16						

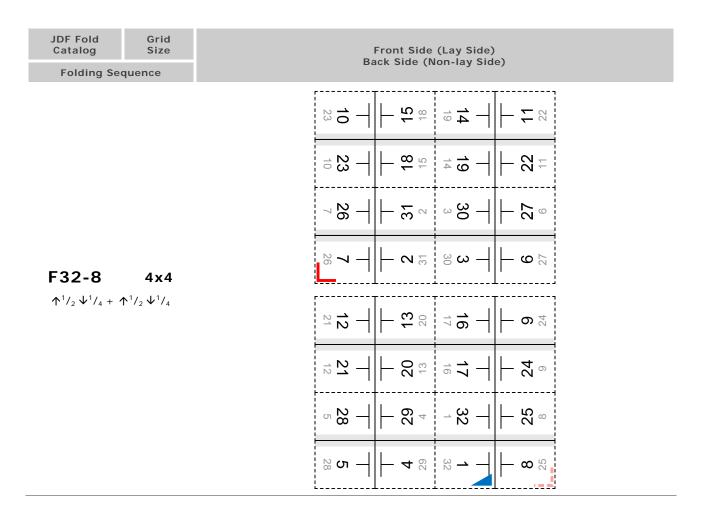


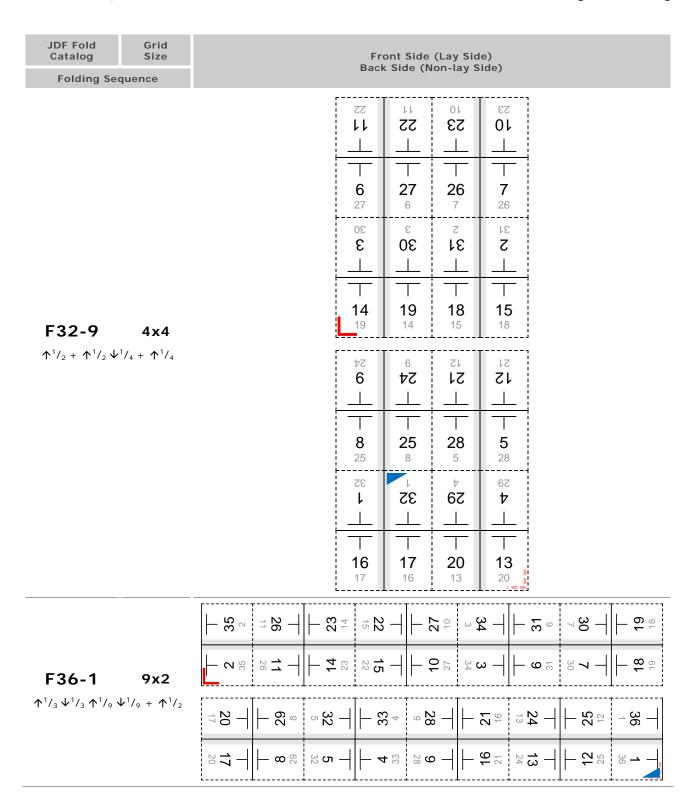
JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)						
Folding Sequence							
F32-3 8x2	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
	ZI IZ 0Z EI 9I ZI ∀Z 6 ∀Z IZ ZI EI 0Z ZI 9I 6 ∀Z I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I </td						
F32-4 4x4 $\uparrow^{1}/_{2} + \uparrow^{1}/_{2} + \uparrow^{1}/_{4} + \uparrow^{1}/_{4}$	8 1						





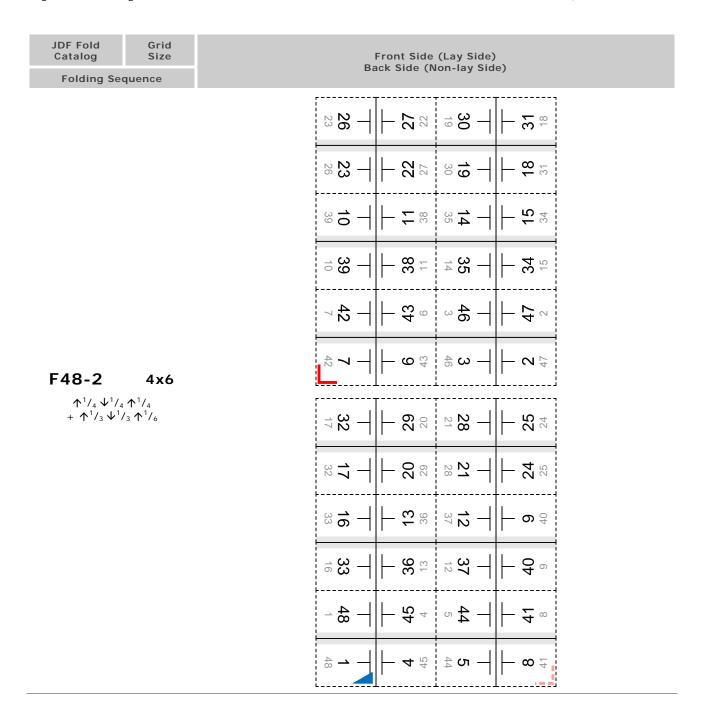






JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size Folding Sequence	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)					
F36-2 6x3						
	OZ					
F40-1 5x4	08 11 01 18 11 01 18 11 01 18 11 01 18 01 18 01 19 9 98 99 98 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99					
	20 21 40 1					

JDF Fold Catalog	Grid Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)							
Folding Se	quence								
			▽ ∠ ヤ <u></u>		9† £ 	ε 9 † 	° 73 ——	ε _τ 9 <u></u>	
			38 11	11 38	10 39	39 10	42 7	7 42	
			32 	3E 7 L	⊅E GL 	7€	7E 31	18 18	
F48-1 6x4		26 23	23 26	22 27	27 22	30 19	19 30		
		^{⊅⊅} G	9 †† 	[†] 9† 	9† † 	8† L	84		
			8 41	41 8	40 9	9 40	12 37	37 12	
			zε ∠ι 	32 1	33 91	91 	13 86 36	36 	
			20 29	29 20	28 21	21 28	24 25	25 24	



JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)					
Folding Sequence						
	34 34 5 89 85 39 30 36 34 34 5 7 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4					
	38 27 6 59 58 7 26 39 27 38 59 6 7 58 39 26					
	T					
F64-1 8x4	46 19 14 51 50 15 18 47 19 46 51 14 15 50 47 18					
	36					
	40 25 8 57 60 5 28 37 25 40 57 8 5 60 37 28					
	17					
	48 17 16 49 52 13 20 45 17 48 49 16 13 52 45 20					

JDF Fold Grid Catalog Size	Front Side (Lay Side) Back Side (Non-lay Side)				
Folding Sequence					
	89 \$\mathcal{L}\$ 9 69 \$\mathcal{C}\$ \$\mathcal{E}\$ \$\mathcal{E}\$				
	18 18 19 25 23 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 4				
F64-2 8x4	26 39 38 27 30 35 34 31 39 26 27 38 35 30 31 34				
	1				
	T T T T T T T 16 49 52 13 12 53 56 9 49 16 13 52 53 12 9 56				
	T				
	32 33 36 29 28 37 40 25 33 32 29 36 37 28 25 40				